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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

for Idaho Gardens

Petrie Landscape Nurseries

Boise, Idaho



Plants for Idaho Gardens 1934

A. A. and N. R. A.—All our prices and operations will be governed by National and Local Nursery Codes when approved.

Petrie Landscape Nurseries

BOISE, IDAHO

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Forwarding and Shipping

SHIPPING SEASON opens from February 15 to March 1 on spring; fall iris shipments begin in July; peonies begin to go out in September and woody and perennial plants as soon as dormant and continuing till the ground freezes. Local movement of any stock balled and burlapped may be made at any time when the ground is open.

INSPECTION certificate is sent with each shipment.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS—All goods are guaranteed true to name, full count, up to grade and in good condition when shipped. Our stock is of the highest grade, well grown and thrifty, insuring its success if properly handled with favorable soil conditions after transplanting.

WE CAN GIVE NO GUARANTEE ON THE LIFE OF THE STOCK, as we have no control over its usage after it leaves our hands.

INSURANCE—On plantings made by us we do make replacement of plants dying during the first season but this is done on an insurance basis, the premium being part of the original cost and no replacements are made on plantings which have not been paid for.

CLAIMS must be made within five days of receipt of goods. Stock delivered as per order and in good condition IS NOT RETURNABLE.

GOODS IN TRANSIT are at the purchaser's risk.

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGE WHILE IN TRANSIT MUST BE MADE AGAINST THE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

OUR OWN TRUCKS cover the Boise Valley pretty thoroughly about once a week during the shipping season. Charges on these shipments are nominal.

DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING

Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and mode of shipment. Shipments will be sent as directed, but when without instructions, we will use our own judgment in forwarding.

ALL ORDERS ARE ACCEPTED SUBJECT TO previous sale, to damage by weather or similar conditions, and to the following terms and conditions:

PRICES in this catalogue cancel all previous quotations and are subject to change without notice. Prices include packing and delivery to transportation company, with the exception of special bulky pieces for which extra packing will be charged at cost.

STOCK SPECIALLY SELECTED at the nurseries by customers will be charged for according to the value of the material chosen, irrespective of the catalogue list price.

RATES—Unless otherwise stated, lots of 1 to 11 plants will take the each rate; Twelve will be sold for the price of ten; fifty will be sold at the 100 rate.

TERMS—CASH WITH ORDER, except to persons who satisfy us as to their responsibility. Five per cent discount will be given for cash with order thirty days before shipping time or 10 per cent in additional stock; two per cent ten days; thirty days net. Interest at six per cent on all accounts after thirty days.

PLANTING CHARGES, PLANS, ADVICE. No stock will be planted free of charge. Plans will be charged for at a minimum rate of \$5.00 for a lot of about 6000 square feet. Advice requiring trips from the nursery and professional services will be charged for at a rate dependent on the time and skill involved.

A Few Words About Ourselves

FIRST — OUR STOCKS

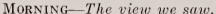
Thas now been fourteen years since the Petrie Landscape Nurseries was established. This period has been marked by constant effort to furnish Idaho gardens with strong healthy well-grown plants of varieties that would stand up under our sometimes very variable climate. In doing this we have grown and discarded many sorts that seemed good at the time of introduction. We are continuing this policy. We get lots of fun from the experience and we learn a lot from which in the long run you, our clients and customers, reap the benefit in better varieties. We conduct more or less of a plant experimental laboratory and very few plants find their way into our listing without several years' trial or whole-hearted recommendation from people in whom we have confidence.

Of course we have recent introductions that are as yet almost untried but they are selected with care and a constant endeavor is made to stick to the doctrine of reasonable certainty in their behavior locally. Naturally it is impossible to predict what any individual plant will do after it leaves the nursery; all we can do is to see that it leaves us in good viable condition. Occasionally one slips by and we want such errors brought to our attention at once. Proper rectification will be made gladly.



ROCK GARDEN OF H. C. SCHUPPEL—designed and built by Petrie Landscape Nurseries.







AFTERNOON—The view we left

We want to draw your attention to the various groupings in this catalogue. Among the evergreens you will find an extended list of Junipers that are new. Nearly all have thrived through three or more years. Among the retinosporas you will note a reduction. Recent severe winters have thinned them down to a select clan of hardy ones.

Among deciduous trees you will find few new names. The past years, however, have given an increased appreciation and a growing demand for many of the smaller flowering types: peaches, crabs, cherries, sophoras and koelreuterias. Look them over. There is a world of beauty in the list.

Among shrubs we have a galaxy of ancients and honorables as well as new ones of good estate. We constantly try out in quantities new and little known shrubs. At present we have many scarcely known species of barberry, cotoneaster and broom which we are trying out. Some of them will be good. Azaleas, too, are being grown more and more as people take a greater interest in the finer and perhaps just a shade more difficult plants. Don't hesitate to try new things. Once in a while you will be disappointed but by the law of averages your pleasure and experience with the successes will overbalance the poor guesses.

Our perennial lists have grown very extensively. Today, we can furnish in some quantity several hundred varieties. Our iris and peonies have long been well known. We can take as much pride today in our listings of aster, phlox, primulas, pinks, day lilies, campanulas, chrysanthemums and veronica.

In vines we have many of the old and new favorites and draw your attention particularly to our long list of pot grown large flowered clematis. Everyone knows Jackmanni, but the others are just as good.

We are not a big nursery. Our stocks are not large but they are at least 90 per cent grown here under our own eyes. What you need or want, order soon. Some things will play out before the season is over. They always have.

SECOND — OUR SERVICE

Our landscape service is older than our nurseries; indeed the nurseries are the outgrowth of the effort to get the stock we needed in our construction activities. All

our construction and design is done under the immediate personal direction of David C. Petrie, who has had almost 25 years of training and experience in this work. His technical training was obtained in one of the best institutions of America as far back as 1909 and has been reenforced by almost continous study and experience both in construction and the adaptability of plants to various uses.

The proper development of any grounds can not be undertaken without careful study of the surrounding conditions, after which a well thought out plan can be made. A charge must be made for this commensurate with the work involved but under the new codes now under advisement it will not be less than \$5.00 for the ordinary lot. This is not money wasted. It is well spent. Good planting returns its original cost over and over again in reduced maintenance, in lessened construction is general ease. of living to say nothing of the infinitely greater pleasure obtained from the unified balanced plantings that fit their surroundings.

If you so desire you can plant from our plans without help; or, we will do any part of it or all of it. If you desire we will do the complete job by contract. In this way we take complete charge and carry out the work as rapidly as possible in a workman-like manner. Such construction is done on an insurance basis. Under this scheme those plants dying during the first season are replaced without further cost. The insurance premium is included in the original contract price.

THIRD — OUR SHOW GROUNDS

Very frequently people tell us they have so small an area—only a fifty foot lot that they have no room for any planting. During the last two years we have been developing a show and display ground at the nursery. We have taken half an acre and broken it up into half a dozen ordinary fifty foot back yards. When completed each will be separate and distinct yet all will be tied together into one unit. One is a rose garden; it is well under way. A second is a perennial garden; it is practically complete. A third is to be a rock garden and aquatic development; it is still in the construction stage. The others are yet future.

In a trip through most of the great nurseries of the Middle West last summer we saw no comparable developments. This is an effort to show different styles of gardens and different groupings of plants for definite effects and each within the boundaries of the ordinary back yard. The plants used are our old common favorites as well as the newer introductions. We are trying to get each in a setting that will enhance its own beauties. Naturally such gardens will be subject to periodic change, each one trying to bring out new beauties.

Our perennial garden covers practically a whole lot—we had to expand it to get in all the varieties we wanted. The shrub background is based mostly on French lilacstwenty varieties of them-tied together with many shrub species and with occasional

flowering crabs, peaches, etc. The main features of the herbaceous beds give seasonal displays of bulbs and dwarf edgings; columbines, iris and peonies; delphiniums in several combinations; phlox; and later chrysanthemums carry the display on till frost.

These show grounds are intended for the garden minded public. We hope to have everything clearly and distinctly labeled. We want you to use them as often as you please and as long as you please and we hope you will get increasing pleasure and profit from them as the years go by profit from them as the years go by.

FOURTH — OUR PRICES

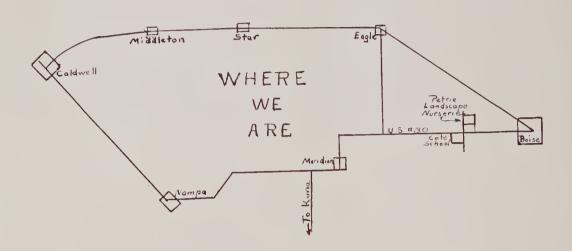
It would seem that we are entering an era of higher prices. In the nursery industry there has been an orgy of disastrous price cutting. We have in the past years cut our prices to what we felt was fair under the economic conditions under which we now live. Many of the newer lists are consistently higher than last season. In a very few cases we have raised prices this spring. In a good many more we have lowered them. Most of them are as they were last season. They are fair prices for good stock and are in line with the prices quoted from all over the country for similar quality.

We do not sell cheap plants. Some are not expensive but they are just as good for their size as the larger ones. Personally we would rather sell you one good heavy plant than two small ones. It is our business to make them ready for you in sizes that are big enough to go on and grow satisfactorily. The risks with small plants are very much greater.

We want to be of assistance to you in your planting problems. We want our work above all to be helpful and permanent. If you will write or call us we will endeavor to please you with a well done job at a reasonable price.

FIFTH — OUR LOCATION

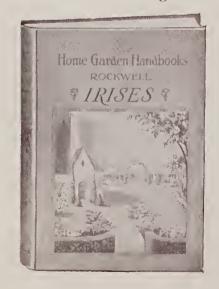
The Petrie Landscape Nurseries are located just a couple of hundred yards north of Cole School and the Blue Bell Tourist Park on U. S. Highway number 30. We are about sixteen miles from Nampa and four from Boise with paved roads practically to our door. The illustration below shows the road system of the valley in relation to us.



SIXTH — OUR BOOKS

A good gardener reads. Information of greatest value is permanently anchored down by a book. We carry in stock some of the MacMillan publications and can get any you want on short notice. Among those of value we list:

Evergreens for the Small Place—Rockwell	\$1.00
Rock Gardens—Rockwell	1.00
Shrubs — Rockwell	1.00
Iris — Rockwell	1.00
Lawns — Rockwell	1.00
How to Grow Roses—Pylo-McFarland-Stevens	2.00
The Gardener—L. H. Bailey	2.00
Home Flower Growing—E. C. Volz	3.50





Evergreens

Luergi	reens
Abies balsamea—Balsam Fir—One of the darkest colored evergreens throughout the entire year. Foliage aromatic. Cones purple. 2 to 3 feet \$3.50 3 to 4 feet \$4.50 4 to 5 feet \$6.00 A. concolor—Silver Fir — Graceful evergreen with silvery foliage surpassing the Colorado Blue Spruce in appearance. 18 to 24 inches \$3.25 2 to 3 feet \$4.00 3 to 4 feet \$5.00 CHAMAECYPARIS Cypress and Retinospora Chamaecyparis lawsoniana filifera glauca —A compact somewhat drooping bluishgreen foliage form of Lawson Cypress that is really hardy. 24 to 30 inches \$3.75 30 to 36 inches \$4.50	C. pisifera filifera—A lacy appearing slow growing Japanese cypress with pendulus light green foliage. 24-inch spread \$3.50 C. obtusa gracilis — A narrow growing form of Hinoki cypress with fern-like foliage of deep green with slightly drooping branchlets. 12 inches \$1.25 18 to 24 inches \$2.25 C. squarossa nana—A very dwarf slow-growing form with very dense foliage of grey green in summer and deep reddish purple in winter. Good in the rock garden. 12 to 15 inches \$3.00 15 to 18 inches \$3.50
Among the evergreens the junipers are are perfectly hardy and readily adapt them any desired form can be found to fit any plateathery and graceful and have such infinite indispensable.	the one best bet for our conditions. They asselves to our climate and soils. Plants of ace in the landscape. Then, too, they are so
Juniperus chinensis—The Chinese Juniper is the oriental counterpart of our Red Cedar. It has much the same habit of growth with more prickly foliage of silvery green appearance. Like the red cedar there are numerous sub species and varieties. 12 inch \$1.00 2 to 3 feet 2.50 3 to 4 feet 3.00 4 to 5 feet 4.50 J. chinensis femina—A more open, more widely spreading form of the type. The foliage is not so spiny. 15 to 18 inches \$1.50 18 to 24 inches 2.00 30 to 36 inches 3.50 J. chinensis pfitzeriana—Pfitzer Juniper is a semi-prostrate very feathery blue green juniper of spreading habit. 9 to 12 inches \$.75 12 to 15 inches 1.25 15 to 18 inches 1.75 18 to 24 inches 2.75 24 to 30 inches 3.50 36 to 42 inches 5.00 J. chinensis pyramidalis Blue—A bluish-green foliage plant of exceptionally narrow habit. Dense grower and always good looking. 2 to 3 feet \$3.50 3 to 4 feet \$3.50 3 to 5 feet \$3.50 3 to 5 feet \$3.50 3 to 6 feet \$3.50 3 to 7 feet \$3.50 3 to 8 feet \$3.50 3 to 9 feet \$3.50 4 to 9 feet \$3.50 5 to 9 feet	J. communis—The common juniper is a very pleasing evergreen of rather slow growth with dense silver green leaves and upright growth. 9 to 12 inches \$.75 12 to 15 inches \$1.00 J. communis depressa—Vase formed Juniper. This is an ideal plant for low groupings. It is a semi-upright habit of growth with an open vase shape. 12 to 15 inches \$1.75 15 to 18 inches \$2.25 18 to 24 inches \$3.00 J. communis depressa plumosa—Andorra juniper. A flat prostrate form seldom getting over 18 inches tall but with considerable spread. A rich purple bronze in winter. 9 to 12 inches \$1.00 J. communis hibernica—Irish Juniper is a slender columnar form well adapted to shearing. Very formal in outline. 9 to 12 inches \$1.00 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 24 to 30 inches \$2.50 30 to 36 inches \$3.00 J. cxcelsa stricta—Greek Juniper is a very popular compact form rarely getting over 5 feet. Makes a broad pyramid. 9 to 12 inches \$1.00 15 to 18 inches \$2.00 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 18 to 24 inches \$1.00 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 18 to 24 inches \$2.75 24 to 30 inches \$3.50



J. japonica Bandai Sugi—A dwarf specimen suitable for the rock garden. Some what like J. sabina in habit of growth but more open, more graceful. 12 to 18 inches \$2.50 18 to 24 inches \$3.50 24 to 30 inches 5.00
J. sabina—Savin Juniper is a dark green semi-erect shrubby form with light blue berries in winter. Valuable in the border, the foundation planting or in the large rock garden. 12 to 15 inches \$1.25 15 to 18 inches 1.50 18 to 24 inches 2.50
24 to 30 inches
J. sabina pyramidalis—This form of savin juniper is narrow growing and erect. Good for height in masses of other savins or a grouping of three or more makes a lovely formed mass. 12 to 18 inches \$1.50 18 to 24 inches 2.00 Larger sizes on application.
J. sabina tamariscifolia—A prostrate tamarisk leafed form of savin. A good trailer.
Small plants \$.75 12 to 15 inches \$ 1.75 J. sabina Von Ehron—A larger growing more spreading form of J. savin that is quite open and graceful.
24 to 30 inches \$3.00 30 to 36 inches 4.00 J. scopulorum—Black Hills juniper is a very variable, attractive evergreen, usu- ally with silvery foliage. In form about
like the red cedar. 9 to 12 inches \$1.00 2 to 3 feet 3.00 3 to 4 feet 4.00 J. scopulorum Hilli—Hill's silver Juniper is a selected grafted form of J. scopulorum with silver foliage. The color is brightest in summer. It grows fast, bushy and shapely. 12 to 15 inches \$1.25 24 to 30 inches 4.00 30 to 36-inches 5.00
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J. squamata Meyeri—The Fish Tail or
Marrana! Inninan is a narralty of unusual
Meyers' Juniper is a novelty of unusual merit. The leaves are plump, pointed
and prickly, and of bright shining blue
color. The foliage appears of different
colors at different angles. There are dis-
tinct tones of green, white and pinkish
red. Irregular in form it makes an at-
red. Irregular in form it makes an attractive accent or fits well in rock plant-
ing
18 to 24 inches\$3.75
J. virginiana—The Red Cedar is one of
our oldest, most popular and best known
evergreens. It is compact, close growing,
beautifully colored in fall and winter
with good green in summer. 18 to 24 inches\$1.75
24 to 30 inches 2.25
30 to 36 inches 2.75
3 to 4 feet
J. virginiana Burki-A tall narrow grow-
er with steel blue foliage. Very sym-
metrical.
30 to 36 inches\$4.25
J. nirainiana elegantissima—The Gold Tip
Red Cedar is a rare and striking ever-
green with good green foliage with bright golden tips of new growth. It is one of the few really good gold-tipped
bright golden tips of new growth. It is
one of the few really good gold-tipped
evergreens. Will grow either as a semi-
erect or upright plant. 24 to 30 inches\$3.00
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J. virginiana Kosteri—Kosters Juniper is a spreading type much like Pfitzer. A
wide-spreading blue green form that
seldom exceeds two or three feet in
height. 18 to 24 inches\$2.00
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height. 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 24 to 30 inches 2.75 30 to 36 inches 3.50 36 to 42 inches 5.00 J. virginiana glauca—The Silver Cedar is an erect open-growing form with silvery foliage and light blue berries. 18 to 24 inches \$1.75 2 to 3 feet 2.50 Larger sizes on application. J. virginiana globosa—This is a globular form which needs shearing to develop density. Good color. 24 to 30 inches \$4.00 J. virginiana Schotti—Schott's Red Cedar is a form that does not change color throughout the year. The foliage is a bright yellowish green. 3 to 4 feet \$4.00 J. virginiana tripartita—The Fountain Red Cedar is a robust spreading type of good form and color. A little taller than Pfitzer. 12 to 18 inches \$1.25 18 to 24 inches \$1.75 J. virginiana welzenbergia—A very rare prostrate and dense growing silvery
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height. 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 24 to 30 inches 2.75 30 to 36 inches 3.50 36 to 42 inches 5.00 J. virginiana glauca—The Silver Cedar is an erect open-growing form with silvery foliage and light blue berries. 18 to 24 inches \$1.75 2 to 3 feet 2.50 Larger sizes on application. J. virginiana globosa—This is a globular form which needs shearing to develop density. Good color. 24 to 30 inches \$4.00 J. virginiana Schotti—Schott's Red Cedar is a form that does not change color throughout the year. The foliage is a bright yellowish green. 3 to 4 feet \$4.00 J. virginiana tripartita—The Fountain Red Cedar is a robust spreading type of good form and color. A little taller than Pfitzer. 12 to 18 inches \$1.25 18 to 24 inches \$1.75 J. virginiana welzenbergia—A very rare prostrate and dense growing silvery

The PINES and SPRUCES

The pines and spruces make up a large list of magnificent evergreens. They are very necessary in large landscape compositions. For windbreaks and screens they are unexcelled and in their long and charming youth they can be used where dwarfer sorts should go.

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Picea canadensis—The white spruce is a compact tall growing silvery foliaged evergreen which is not particular about soils. 3 to 4 feet \$4.00 P. excelsa—The Norway spruce is a fast-growing, dark green tree of wide cultivation. After it is forty or thereabouts it gets scraggly. 3 to 4 feet \$3.00 4 to 5 feet \$4.50 5 to 6 feet \$6.00 P. pungens glauca—Colorado Blue Spruce. The ordinary Colorado Blue spruce.	THUYA—The Arbor Vitae Thuya occidentalis Columbia — A dwarf form of American arborvitae with golden tips in spring. Prefers partial shade. 18 to 24 inches \$1.00 24 to 30 inches \$1.50 T. occidentalis compacta—Parsons' arborvitae is a slow grower of almost giobular shape. It never gets any height. 12 to 15 inches \$1.25 15 to 18 inches \$1.50 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 24 to 30 inches \$2.75
24 to 30 inches \$5.00 P. pungens Moerheimi—A grafted select form of Colorado blue with intense silver blue foliage. 15 to 18 inches \$2.75 18 to 24 inches 3.25	T. occidentalis conica densa — This is a very slow grower; a dwarf that really stays dwarf. 15 to 18 inches \$2.00 18 to 24 inches 3.00
Pinus austriaca—Austrian or Black Pine is a dense-growing pine with very dark green unchanging foliage of unusual length. Not a fast grower. 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 2 to 3 feet \$2.50 3 to 4 feet \$4.00 P. densiflora — Japanese Red Pine is a rapid growing open formed pine with	T. occidentalis pyramidalis — Pyramidal American arborvitae is a narrow growing tall form much used in foundation plantings in some types of architecture. 12 to 15 inches \$1.00 15 to 18 inches \$1.25 18 to 24 inches \$1.75 24 to 30 inches \$2.25 30 to 36 inches \$3.00 36 to 42 inches \$3.75
long fine bright green needles. 2 to 3 feet \$2.50 4 to 5 feet \$5.00 P. mugho—Dwarf mountain pine is a dense compact grower attaining a great spread without great height. A lovely dark green shrubby pine that will grow	42 to 48 inches
almost anywhere. \$1.75 12 to 15 inch spread \$1.75 15 to 18 inches 2.50 18 to 24 inches 3.00 24 to 30 inches 3.50 P. resinosa—Red Pine is a magnificent tall pine with strong branches and dark	24 to 30 inches 3.50 T. occidentalis Woodwardi—Woodward's Globe arborvitae is a dwarf form, very round and very green but like all other arborvitae it browns in winter. 12 to 15 inches \$1.50 15 to 18 inches 1.75
green foliage. 2 to 3 feet \$2.50 3 to 4 feet \$3.50 4 to 5 feet \$5.00 P. sylvestris — Scotch Pine is the most commonly planted of the pines. A very fast grower with short, light green	T. occidentalis spicata alba—A dwarf conical form with white tips on the new growth. 15 to 18 inches \$2.00 24 to 30 inches \$3.50 T. orientalis pyramidalis—The oriental
needles. 2 to 3 feet\$2.50 3 to 4 feet	form is a finer foliaged type than the American. Useful in the same way but will stand a great deal more heat. 24 to 30 inches \$2.25 30 to 36 inches 3.00 36 to 42 inches 3.75
18 to 24 inches \$2.00 2 to 3 feet 2.75 3 to 4 feet 3.75 5 to 6 feet 5.00	T. orientalis texana glauca—This is a form originating in Texas with lovely blue green foliage in summer and purple bronze in winter. It is the best colored

10 PETRIE LAND	OSCAPE NURSERIES
arborvitae we have seen but is a lit open in habit of growth. 24 to 30 inches	we have tried for a number of years. It is a lovely narrow column of dark
TAXUS—The Yews	15 to 18 inches 3.00 18 to 24 inches 4.00
Taxus cuspidata nana — Dwarf Japane yew is a very dark green foliag spreading evergreen with bright red s berries. 12 to 18 inches\$3	ged green spreading yew of good form. It must be used in the shade, however, as it will burn up in our intense heat.
Decidu	ious Trees
Acer campestre—The English Field Merical ple is a rough barked, more or less regular growing tree with a darker a smaller leaf than other maples. 6 to 8 feet	B. alba laciniata pendula — Cut Leaf Weeping Birch is well enough known for its grace and beauty, so that a descrip- tion is unnecessary. 5 to 6 feet \$1.50 B. alba purpurea—A purple leafed form of white birch that is very striking and not too contrasty. 8 to 10 feet \$5.00 B. alba Youngii—Young's weeping Birch is an exaggerated weeper. It must be staked up to get it up to the required height. ½-inch calipre \$1.50 1-inch calipre \$2.00 2-inch calipre \$0.00 2-inch calipre \$0.00 3-inch calipre \$0.00 4 to 6 feet \$1.75 6 to 8 feet \$1.75 6 to 8 feet \$1.75 14 to 16 feet \$1.75 15 to 6 feet \$1.75 2-year heads \$2.00 2-year heads \$2.00 3-year heads \$2.00 Cercis canadensis—The red bud or Judas tree can be used either as a small tree or large shrub. It is very showy with its masses of pea like magenta bloom. 4 to 6 feet \$1.50 8 to 10 feet \$1.50 Cercis canadensis—The red bud or Judas tree can be used either as a small tree or large shrub. It is very showy with its masses of pea like magenta bloom. 4 to 6 feet \$1.50 8 to 10 feet \$1.50 Cladrastis tinctoria—The Yellow wood. A wide spreading tree with somewhat pen- dulous branches. It has compound leaves turning yellow in autumn. The blossom is white, rare and good. 2 to 3 feet \$1.50 3 to 4 feet \$1.00

Cornus florida—The Flowering dogwood has not been grown extensively in this locality. There are a few, however, that are doing well. Large four petaled white blossom followed by red berries. Dogwoods must be balled and burlapped. 2 to 4 feet \$1.00 4 to 6 feet \$3.00 Crataegus carriere—Carrier's Thorne. A very compact narrow growing tree with large white bloom and scarlet fruits about an inch or more in diameter. These hang on all winter. 5 to 6 feet \$1.50 10 to 12 feet \$5.00 C. cordata—Washington thorne is one of the most attractive thornes. It is a round headed form with age and covered with large scarlet berry clusters. It is much to be preferred to mountain ash under our conditions. 4 to 6 feet \$1.00 6 to 8 feet \$1.50 8 to 10 feet \$2.50 10 to 12 feet \$3.00 C. oxycantha Paulii—Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn is a narrow growing red double blossomed form that has become so popular. 6 to 8 feet \$1.50 Fagus sylvatica—European Beech. No tree is more admired or planted less. Smooth gray bark, a slow grower with heavily buttressed roots. Rich golden color in fall and bronzy leaves remaining on all winter. Balled and burlapped. 3 to 4 feet \$2.00 4 to 6 feet \$2.00 6 to 8 feet \$2.00 6 to 8 feet \$2.00 8 to 10 feet \$5.00 Fraxinus americana—White ash is an excellent shade tree particularly where	4 to 6 feet
8 to 10 feet 5.00	Balled and burlapped. 3 to 4 feet\$1.50
cellent shade tree particularly where	4 to 6 feet
light is wanted late in spring and early in fall. Tall, well formed, clean limbed tree. 4 to 6 feet	Liridendron tulipifera—Tulip tree. The socalled yellow poplar of the middle west. Tulip like blooms in June. Large handsome foliage. Balled and burlapped.
6 to 8 feet 1.00 8 to 10 feet 1.25	4 to 6 feet \$1.75 6 to 8 feet 2.50
THE ELOWE	DINC CDADC

THE FLOWERING CRABS

The flowering crabs are among the most beautiful of our smaller trees. Some of them are in fact almost shrubs. The blossoms are white, pink or red, the crabs are green, yellow or red. The fall foliage is highly colored. All the following sorts can be had in 4 to 6 feet at \$1.25

Malus atrosanguinea—The Carmine Crab is a dwarf form covered with exquisite carmine bloom.

M. floribunda—Japanese Flowering Crab is a tall growing sort with pink buds, white flowers and yellow fruit.

M. halliana parkmanni — Parkman's crab is another dwarf form with bright rose red, double flowers on long slender

Heavy five year plant.....\$3.00

M. ioensis—The Iowa crab is from the middle west. Fragrant pink and white blossom.

4 to 6 feet.....\$1.25 6 to 8 feet......\$1.75 14 to 16 foot heavy specimens \$10.00

M. ioensis Bechteli—A double rose formed variety of the above. Very fragrant.

M. neidwetzkyana—Red Veined Crab. This one is from Russia and has rosy red

12 PETRIE LANDSU	APE NURSERIES
flowers and fruit. The wood is reddish, so are the leaves when unfolding. M. scheideckeri—This is a small narrow tree with masses of small rosy pink bloom. M. sieboldi—It has small white bloom and red fruit. 4 to 6 feet	6 to 8 feet 1.75 8 to 10 feet 2.50 10 to 12 feet 3.00 Nyssa sylvatica—The Tupelo is a round headed tree with dark green shining leaves fading in the fall with intense red and scarlet. Fruit dark blue. Balled and burlapped. 4 to 6 feet \$3.00
blossom. They come early and are well wor peach. We have the following varieties in 4 Burbank, Double Pink. Double Red.	peach with very showy red, pink or white the while. The fruit is a good flavored white to 6 foot stock at \$1.25 r white, red, pink and variegated at \$2.50
Populus simonsi — Simon's poplar is an erect growing sort something like Lombardy but does not die out in its branches as Lombardy does. Bark is greenish gray. Leaves very good dark green with red venation. 6 to 8 feet	4 to 6 feet

Shrubs

Amclanchier canadensis — Shadbush or Juneberry. Large shrub with snowy white bloom in spring. Black berries in June. 18 to 24 inches	Amygdalus communis—Flowering Almond —both pink and white form of this lovely shrub. 2 to 3 feet\$.75 Avalia pentaphylla—Five fingered aralia is a bright green finely foliaged plant with flowers. 2 to 3 feet\$\$.60 A. spinosa—The devil's walking stick. A large growing shrub with striking foliage and massive heads of white bloom. 18 to 24 inches\$\$.75 Aronia arbutifolia—Red choke berry. A strikingly red berried shrub of medium height. 12 to 18 inches\$\$.60
	nubs that can be grown. These we have are
hardy but must be grown in acid soils which moss. We never have any troubles with the	h can easily be prepared by the use of peat
Azalea ledifolia — Snow azalea. Showy white of the texture and character of a Madonna lily. 6 to 8 inches heavy	A. Yodogawa — A Japanese species with purplish pink double flowers in early spring. 12-inch light
THE BAR	BERRIES
The barberries make up one of the larg our locality. The foliage of all is always go glory. In addition to those listed below we aristata, canadensis, vulgaris, gaignepaine, Berberis aygregata—A tall handsome red berried sort of striking appearance. Foliage rich red in fall. Very heavy plants. 2 to 3 feet \$1.25 3 to 4 feet \$1.75 B. Julianae — An evergreen sort with black berries. Very good. 8 to 12 inches \$1.00 12 to 18 inches \$1.00 B. korcana—Somewhat similar to the thunbergi; better color in fall foliage and richer display of berries. Grows to six feet, ready in fall \$.75	have coming along the following species:

B. sieboldi—This is a dwarf; very richly colored plant with scarlet berries and brilliant fall color. Very rare. 9 to 12 inches \$.75 B. subcauliata—An evergreen species with red berries and grey green leaves. 9 to 12 inches \$.75 B. thunbergi—The common Japanese barberry which gives plenty of fall color and red berries all winter. 12 to 18 inches \$.40 18 to 24 inches \$.40 18 to 24 inches \$.60 2 to 3 feet \$.75 B. thunbergi atropurpurea — The red leaved form of the above barberry. Gives brilliant red foliage all summer, if in full sun. 9 to 12 inches \$.25 12 to 18 inches \$.50 18 to 24 inches \$.50 18 to 24 inches \$.50 18 to 12 inches \$.50 18 to 12 inches \$.50 19 to 12 inches \$.50 10 to 18 inches \$.75 Buddleia alternifolia — A hardy buddleia with long branches of purple violet blossom at syringa time. Does not kill back in winter. \$.75 Larger plants \$.50 B. forquhari — A pink lavender form of the common buddleia \$.60 B. Ile de France—A rich deep purple form of the common buddleia. This is new and very rare \$.75 Buxus Boxwood—One of our best broad leafed evergreens. Small four-inch plants \$.25 Large sizes on application. Caragana arborescens—The Siberian pea is a tall hardy shrub with yellow blos-	som, greenish bark and lovely, light green leaves. 2 to 3 feet \$.50 3 to 4 feet	
THE COTO	NEASTERS	
Cotoneasters are still relatively new. Very few people know them and the best known are the poorest. We have grown in the past eight or ten years a great many species that we have discarded for one or more reasons. The following are not the		

only good ones but are among the best we can produce here. All are balled and burlapped.

Cotoneaster dielsiana elegans - Slender
spreading branches with very persistent
leaves and coral red berries.
12 to 18 inches\$.75
18 to 24 inches 1.00
2 to 3 feet
2 00 0 1000 1.20
Q 71 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
C. divaricata — An upright grower with
lustrous foliage and red fruit in the fall.
12 to 18 inches \$.60
18 to 24 inches
2 to 3 feet 1.00
3 to 4 feet 1.50
C 1
C. horizontalis — A dwarf trailing form
leaf and branch arrangement gives fern
like appearance. Berries red.
The appearance. Berries rea.

12 to 18 inches......\$1.25

C. simonsi—One of the older species. Tall
upright grower with red berries.
2 to 3 feet\$1.00
C. Wilsoni—A species with arching, over-
lapping sail-like branches forming a
neat hummock in the border. Red ber-
ries. Available in fall. Prices same as
C. divaricata.
C. zabeli—An almost evergreen trailing
form with large leaves and dark red
fruit. Very rare. Available in fall.
04.00

12-inch spread \$1.00

Cydonia janonica—Japanese quince. Popular well-known shrub with scarlet bloom and yellow pear-like fruits. 18 to 24 inches.....\$.60

est broom. Ready in fall cosoparius Andreana—Paradise by A strain of Scotch broom we have for years. Flower golden and brove crimson. Cytisus nigricans — A neat shrub from three to five feet high of compact habit. Every shoot terminates in July and August with six-inch racemes of bright yellow. NEW and RARE. Ready in fall ——————————————————————————————————	TETRIE LANDSC	DAFE NURSERIES 15
These are little known shrubs that in our experience have proven perfectly had they are well worthy of trial and will delight their owners. Daphne eneorum — Garland fllower. A dwarf, bushy evergreen shrub with fine dark green leaves and very fragrant clusters of rose pink bloom in spring and again in late summer. 12 to 15-inch spread \$2.00 15 to 18-inch spread \$2.00 15 to 18-inch spread \$2.00 15 to 18-inch spread \$2.00 16 to 18-inch spread \$2.00 17 to 18-inch spread \$2.00 18 to 24 inches \$2.00 19 to 18-inch spread \$2.00 19 to	plants in these two colors that will be merchantable in the fall. The price will be \$1.00 CYTISUS—The Brooms Cytisus nigricans—A neat shrub from three to five feet high of compact habit. Every shoot terminates in July and August with six-inch racemes of bright yellow. NEW and RARE. Ready in fall \$1.00 C. purpureus—A dwarf broom of perhaps	24 to 30 inches
They are well worthy of trial and will delight their owners. Daphne cneorum — Garland filower. A dwarf, bushy evergreen shrub with fine dark green leaves and very fragrant clusters of rose pink bloom in spring and again in late summer. 12 to 15-inch spread \$2.00 15 to 18-inch spread \$2.50 D. mezereum — A small hardy shrub to four feet. The deep red flowers appear long before the leaves and have a delightful penetrating fragrance. Ready in fall \$775 Desmodium bicolor — A slender-looking shrub or better perennial with graceful wiry stems and rosy purple pea-like bloom. Good plants \$50 4-year olds 1.00 Deutzia gracilis — Very dwarf. Slender branches, lovely white flowers. 15 to 18 inches \$50 D. lemoinei—Of medium height; profuse bloomer, white. Valuable in foundation and border plantings. 18 to 24 inches \$50 E to 3 feet \$50 D. lemoinei—Of medium height; profuse bloomer, white. Valuable in foundation and border plantings. 18 to 24 inches \$50 E to 3 feet \$50 D. lemoinei—Of medium height; profuse bloomer, white. Valuable in foundation and border plantings. 18 to 24 inches \$50 E to 3 feet \$50 E to	THE DA	APHNES
dwarf, bushy evergreen shrub with fine dark green leaves and very fragrant clusters of rose pink bloom in spring and again in late summer. 12 to 15-inch spread \$2.00 15 to 18-inch spread \$2.50 D. mezereum — A small hardy shrub to four feet. The deep red flowers appear long before the leaves and have a delightful penetrating fragrance. Ready in fall \$\$\)\$ Desmodium bicolor — A slender-looking shrub or better perennial with graceful wiry stems and rosy purple pea-like bloom. Good plants \$\$.50 4-year olds — Very dwarf. Slender branches, lovely white flowers. 15 to 18 inches \$\$.60 D. lemoinei—Of medium height; profuse bloomer, white. Valuable in foundation and border plantings. 18 to 24 inches \$\$.200 2 to 3 feet \$\$.50 \$\$ Exochorda grandiflora — The Pearl is a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings of pearl-like become a comparatively uncommon swith pendant strings		
EUONYMUS The Spindle Trees Euonymus alatus — A handsome corkbarked shrub to eight feet, with good spread. Valuable for the bark habit in winter and the gorgeous fall color. 18 to 24 inches	Daphne cneorum — Garland fllower. A dwarf, bushy evergreen shrub with fine dark green leaves and very fragrant clusters of rose pink bloom in spring and again in late summer. 12 to 15-inch spread	E. europea—Well grown plants are among the most beautiful plants in a northern garden. Fruits abundant and red with orange seeds. 18 to 24 inches \$.60 2 to 3 feet

PETRIE LANDSCAPE NURSERIES

H. quercifolia—Oak leaved hydrangea. A native of the Allegheny Mountains.	L. vulgare leucocarpum—A yellow berried form of English privet. Shrubs with
Foliage striking and wonderfully col-	yellow berries are scarce.
ored in fall. Bloom creamy white.	3 to 4 feet\$.75
2 to 3 feet \$1.50 3 to 4 feet \$2.00	4 to 6 feet
Hypericum densiflorum—One of the best	LONICERA
of the shrubby St. John's worts.	
None large enough till fall.	$The\ Honey suckles$
12 to 18 inches\$.50 18 to 24 inches	Lonicera alberti-A semi-prostrate Hon-
	eysuckle with rosy pink bloom, gray blue foliage and red berries.
Ilex verticilata—Winterberry. A deciduous holly with bright persistent red berries.	Pot grown\$.75
Must be planted in groups to berry up.	L. fragrantissima—Winter honeysuckle.
2 to 3 feet\$.75	A semi-evergreen, losing its leaves
Itea virginica—Virginia willow. A dwarf	about Christmas and blossoming in March with pale colored exception-
shrub with gorgeous red fall foliage and white bloom in July.	ally fragrant bloom.
12 to 18 inches\$.50	3 to 4 feet\$.75
18 to 24 inches	L. korolkowi—Turkestan honeysuckle. A beautiful large shrub with lovely pink
Kalmia latifolia-Mountain laurel. Must	flowers and red fruits hanging in a mist
have peat to do well. Lovely broad leaved	of gravish foliage.
evergreen. Bloom deep rose to pure white.	2 to 3 feet
18 inches	L. maackii podocarpa—Amur honeysuckle.
Kerria japonica—Globe Flower. Graceful	Foliage glossy, hanging till Decem-
green barked shrub with yellow globe-	ber. Berries persist all winter or till
like flowers for a good while in summer. 2 to 3 feet\$.75	the birds get them. The showiest of the honeysuckles.
Kolkwitzia amabilis — Beauty bush. This	2 to 3 feet\$.60
plant has made good. It is one of the	3 to 4 feet
loveliest of the pink spring shrubs. Sim-	4 to 6 feet
ilar to weigelia but hardy. 12 to 18 inches\$.50	L. morrowi—Morrow's Honeysuckle. Gray green foliage, white bloom, orange col-
2 to 3 feet	lored berries in summer.
3 to 4 feet 1.00	2 to 3 feet\$.50
Laburnum vulgare—Golden chain. Large	3 to 4 feet
shrubs with golden chain of locust-like flowers in summer.	most common of the bush honeysuckles.
3 to 4 feet\$.75	Bloom pink followed by masses of red
4 to 6 feet 1.00	to yellow berries which are loved by our bird neighbors.
LIGUSTRUM	3 to 4 feet\$.60
The Privets	4 to 6 feet
	THE MACNOTTAC
Ligustrum ibota regelianum — Regel's Privet. A tall wide-spreading form with	THE MAGNOLIAS
horizontal branches. Good as specimens,	The following group of Magnolias has
in borders, or for wide, untrimmed	proven hardy under our conditions.
hedges. Big bushy plants. 2 to 3 feet\$.60	Numbers of them have been in Boise for thirty years and are their owners'
3 to 4 feet	pride. They like a little peat in their
L. nanum compactum—Lodense Privet. A	soil but can get along without it.
very hardy dwarf privet that can be	Magnolia kobus — A Japanese species
used as a boxwood substitute. These are all bushy specimen plants.	growing in its native land to 80 feet.
12 inches \$.35	Blossom white 4 to five inches across in April and May.
18 to 24 inch spread 1.00	2 to 3 feet\$2.00
24 to 30 inch spread	3 to 4 feet
L. vulgare—English privet. The best	M. Soulangeana—Popular shrub with
hedge type.	large white flowers with a purple flush on the outside. Large bloom in April.
Hedging grade\$10.00 per 100	18 to 24 inches \$4.00

M. Soulangeana Lennei—A more shrubby form of soulangeana with deep crimson flush on bloom. Two weeks later than
Soulangeana. 24 to 30 inches \$5.00
M. stellata—Starry magnolia. A shrubby form with white starry bloom and delicate fragrance. Blooms very early. 12 to 18 inches
Mahonia aquifolium—Oregon Grape. Holly like evergreen foliage turning bronze in winter. Heavy clusters of yellow bloom in spring. Grape like blue berries
in fall. 18 to 24 inches \$1.00 2 to 3 feet \$1.50
3 to 4 feet
PHILADELPHUS The Mock Oranges
Philadelphus coronarius — The common
mock orange, graceful, tall, fragrant. 12 to 18 inches
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet
P. speciosissimus—An exceptionally showy large flowering species. 2 to 3 feet\$.60
3 to 4 feet
Philadelphus hybrids— Avalanchc—Semidwarf, smilax like foli-
age, small showy bloom, clove like frag-
rance.
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
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rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75 4 to 6 feet .1.00 Bouquet Blanc—Lovely double flowers in large clusters, medium height. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 Glacier—Double flowers in dense clusters, grows about 4 feet. 12 to 18 inches
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75 4 to 6 feet .1.00 Bouquet Blanc—Lovely double flowers in large clusters, medium height. 3 to 4 feet .5.75 Glacier—Double flowers in dense clusters, grows about 4 feet. 12 to 18 inches .5.75 Manteau d' Hermine—A small foliaged dwarf form with showy bloom. 12 to 18 inches .5.75 Norma — A slender grower with very large single flowers in masses. 2 to 3 feet .5.75 3 to 4 feet .1.00 Ophelia—Compact type bearing fragrant, mostly double flowers.
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet
rance. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet

Photinia villosa—Christmas berry. Fine white bloom in May with loose clusters of red berries in fall. Must have age to berry. Fall foliage red.
18 to 24 inches \$.50
2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet
Physocarpos opulifolia nana—Dwarf ninebark. A dwarf form of the spirea-like ninebark. Good form and foliage.
12 to 18 inches\$.35 2 to 3 feet\$.50



WHITE BIRCH

The white birch is a lady in a glittering

The white birch is a lady in a gittering silver gown,
A lady with the graces of the gayest belle in town,
In her raiment soft and dainty she's a Dresden shepherdess
With her petticoats aflutter as the breezes blow her dress.

—Adele Middleton Russell.

	70 T 1 1 T 17 TO A 1 T 117
Potentilla fruticosa—Shrubby cinquefoil,	Robinia hispida—Rose Acacia, Locust like
small shrub with silver gray fine foli-	foliage with pink blossoms.
age and yellow bloom throughout the	6 to 8 feet\$1.50
summer.	We can also furnish these grafted on
18 to 24 inches\$.60	black locust standards at\$2.00
P. fruticosa Veitchii—A large white	ROSA
blooming form of the above. New and	The Shrubby Roses
scarce.	
12 to 18 inches\$.75	Rosa foetida hybrida — Austrian Copper
Prunus tomentosum—Nanking Cherry.	Rose. The most striking shrubby rose
A medium sized shrub with very at-	with single flowers of coppery red on
tractive foliage and pinkish white bloom.	the lower surface and gold on the up-
Small edible red cherry in masses.	per
2 to 3 feet\$.60	R. hugonis—Father Hugo's rose. Light
4 to 6 feet	yellow roses on reddish twigs. The first
6 to 8 feet	rose to bloom coming with Van Houtte
P. triloba—Flowering plum. Large double	spirea and Persian lilac with which it
deep rose blossom at the time of Spiraea	makes lovely groups.
arguta with which it combines well.	2 year\$.75
Plants get big and are very showy.	R. lucida—Virginian Rose. Light pink
3 to 4 feet \$\frac{1}{2}\$ and are very showy.	flowers, small growing plant, brilliant
4 to 5 feet	bark.
	2 years\$.60
Pyracantha Lalandi—Firethorn. The har-	R. rubrifolia—Red leaved rose. Small
diest of the many pyracanthas. Ever-	starry pink flowers on six foot shrub
green with brilliant orange red berries.	with bluish foliage tinged crimson.
Grows well under the protection of a	2 years\$.60
building.	R. rugosa—Japanese wrinkled rose. A
18 to 24 inches\$1.50	very hardy rose with wrinkled leaves
2 to 3 feet	and red or white large single blooms
Rhamnus cathartica—Buckthorn. A rather	throughout the summer. Seed hips are
thorny shrub with black berries and	large and very showy in winter.
good foliage. For heavy border.	2 years\$.60
4 to 6 feet\$.75	3 years
Rhodotypos kerrioides—White kerria. An	Rosa rugosa—Named varieties—
attractive medium sized shrub with	Agnes—Yellow;
small white dogwood-like flowers and	C. F. Meyer—Pink;
black berries. Foliage pleated and good	Hansa—Reddish violet;
looking.	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink;
looking. 18 to 24 inches\$.35	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White;
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson;
looking. 18 to 24 inches\$.35	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer.
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75 RHUS—The Sumacs Rhus canadensis—Aromatic sumac. A	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75 RHUS—The Sumacs Rhus canadensis—Aromatic sumac. A dwarf ivy leaved sumac with very aromatic foliage. Good color both summer	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75 RHUS—The Sumacs Rhus canadensis—Aromatic sumac. A dwarf ivy leaved sumac with very aromatic foliage. Good color both summer and fall.	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.100 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet \$.60
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 Clear daciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet \$.60 4 to 6 feet \$.75
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year .75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet .1.00 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year .75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet .1.00 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year .75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet .1.00 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet .5.60 4 to 6 feet .75 6 to 8 feet .75 6 to 8 feet .1.00 Sorbaria aitchisoni—Aitchison's Spirea. Tall reddish barked shrubs with large white plumes of feathery bloom in midsummer. Scarce. 18 to 24 inches .\$.75 S. arborea glabra—The Tree sorbaria. Tall hardy plant attaining 18 feet with
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.100 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet \$.60 4 to 6 feet \$.75 6 to 8 feet \$.100 Sorbaria aitchisoni—Aitchison's Spirea. Tall reddish barked shrubs with large white plumes of feathery bloom in midsummer. Scarce. 18 to 24 inches \$.75 S. arborea glabra—The Tree sorbaria. Tall hardy plant attaining 18 feet with tremendous spikes of bloom. It is very
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.00 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet \$.60 4 to 6 feet \$.75 6 to 8 feet \$.75 6 to 8 feet \$.75 Sorbaria aitchisoni—Aitchison's Spirea. Tall reddish barked shrubs with large white plumes of feathery bloom in midsummer. Scarce. 18 to 24 inches \$.75 S. arborea glabra—The Tree sorbaria. Tall hardy plant attaining 18 feet with tremendous spikes of bloom. It is very rare.
looking. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet	Hansa—Reddish violet; Sarah van Fleet—Clear pink; Blanc de Coubert—White; Grootendorst—Crimson; All are double and bloom off and on all summer. 2 year \$.60 3 year \$.75 R. spinosissima—Scotch Rose. A low growing rose of lovely texture with large fragrant single white bloom in June. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$.100 Sambucus nigra laciniata—Cut Leaved Elder is a tall white blossomed black berried shrub good for heavy screen plantings, by water edges. 3 to 4 feet \$.60 4 to 6 feet \$.75 6 to 8 feet \$.100 Sorbaria aitchisoni—Aitchison's Spirea. Tall reddish barked shrubs with large white plumes of feathery bloom in midsummer. Scarce. 18 to 24 inches \$.75 S. arborea glabra—The Tree sorbaria. Tall hardy plant attaining 18 feet with tremendous spikes of bloom. It is very

S. sorbifolia-Ash leaved spirea. The com-	18 to 24 inches\$.50
mon low growing form leafing out in	2 to 3 feet
early spring with white bloom in sum-	S. van Houttei-Common Bridal Wreath.
mer.	
2 to 3 feet	The best known of the spireas. 18 to 24 inches\$.35
3 to 4 feet	
3 10 4 1001	2 to 3 feet
SPIRAEA—The Spireas	3 to 4 feet
STIKALA—The Spheas	4 to 6 feet
One of the largest and best known groups	S. wilsonii—Wilson's spirea is a recent
of shrubs. There is hardly any place in	introduction from China and is some-
our gardening operations that some of	what on the order of Spirea tricho-
the numerous spireas will not fit.	carpa.
Spiraea alba—Meadow sweet. An upright	3 to 4 feet\$.75
grower with heavy white plumy blossom	Staphylea trifoliata—American Bladder
in mid summer.	Nut. This shrub grows to about ten
18 to 24 inches\$.50	feet with compound bright green trifo-
2 to 3 feet	liate leaves. Flowers are white, followed
3 to 4 feet	by bladdery fruits.
	Dy plantery fruits.
S. arguta—Hybrid Snow Garland. Flori-	2 to 3 feet\$.60
ferous shrub with small light green	3 to 4 feet
leaves, which turn yellow and orange in	4 to 6 feet 1.00
fall. This white spirea grouped with	Symphoricarpos racemosis—Snowberries
Prunus triloba gives one of the show-	are very striking with their masses
iest of the spring combinations.	of lovely white berries lasting until
18 to 24 inches\$.35	severely cold weather.
	2 to 4 foot
2 to 3 feet	3 to 4 feet\$.60
3 to 4 feet	S. vulgaris—The old fashioned coralberry
S. bumalda — Anthony Waterer Spirea.	with its long wreaths of rosy fruits
Quite a dwarf form with rosy crimson	hanging all winter.
heads in mid-summer.	18 to 24 inches\$.35
12 to 18 inches \$.50	2 to 3 feet
12 to 16 menes	3 to 4 feet
S. bil'ardi—Billard's spirea. Similar to	
alba but with rosy-pink bloom.	S. vulgaris Chenaulti — Is more graceful
18 to 24 inches	than the old form with finer foliage
3 to 4 feet	and a lovely pink berry.
S. calosa alba—Dwarf white spirea. Simi-	2 to 3 feet\$.60
lar to Anthony Waterer but white.	
ar to Anthony Waterer sat winter	SYRINGA—The Lilacs
9 to 12 inches \$.35	STRINGA—THE LITACS
S. froebeli—Froebel's spirea. A sort grow-	Syringa chinensis (rothomagensis)—The
ing a little taller than Anthony waterer	Rouen lilac is really a variety of per-
with deep bronzy purple foliage in	sian but has a larger and redder bloom.
spring and fall and pink blossoms in	2 to 3 feet\$.60
summer.	2 to 5 feet
12 to 18 inches \$.35	3 to 4 feet
18 to 24 inches	4 to 6 feet 1.00
2 to 3 feet	S. japonica—The Japanese tree lilac makes
2 00 0 1000	a small tree with large bloom clusters
Spirca prunifolium—Bridal Wreath.	of creamy white in June and July.
3 to 4 feet	2 to 3 feet\$.60
S. reevesiana—Reeve's spirea. A very	3 to 4 feet
graceful white spring blooming species.	4 to 6 feet
2 to 3 feet\$.50	Heavy 6 to 8 feet 2.00
3 to 4 feet	
S. thunbergi—Snow Garland. The pret-	S. josikea—Hungarian lilacs bloom late
tiest spirea of the lot. Fine foliage fad-	in spring after most of them are gone.
ing in rich tones. Masses of white bloom	The buds are very dark and the bloom
ing in rich tones. Masses of white bloom	deep lilac.
the first thing in spring. Do not plant	2 to 3 feet\$.75
where soil is alkaline. Use Spirea ar-	3 to 4 feet
guta instead.	S. persica—The common persian lilac is
18 to 24 inches \$.35	S. persion—The common persian mac is
2 to 3 feet	rather light colored but is very showy
3 to 4 feet	with large lavender masses. Combine
Extra heavy plants	it with Van Houtte Spirea.
S. Trichocarpa—Korean Spirea. Similar	2 to 3 feet\$.50
to Spirea van Houtte, but blooming two	3 to 4 feet
weeks later. Valuable.	4 to 6 feet
.,	

S. villosa—The Himalayan Lilac in foliage looks much like the Hungarian but blooms in a pinker shade and just a trifle later.

2	to	3	feet	, \$.50
3	to	4	feet	•••••	.60
4	to	6	feet		1.00
6	to	8	foot	specimens very heavy	2.50

THE FRENCH LILACS

We have a large collection of these wonderful hybrid lilacs in which a great interest is now being taken. Anyone who has attended any of our local spring garden tours has noted and commented on their wonderful color range. As you will see they give a long gamut of color together with a greatly lengthened lilac season.

season.
KEY TO THESE LILACS
S—Single D—Double SD—Semi-double
A—12 to 18 inches \$.75 B—18 to 24 inches \$ 1.00
B—18 to 24 inches
C—2 to 3 feet
E—3 to 4 feet
F—4 to 6 feet
G—Specimens.
Priees are as indicated above unless
$otherwise\ noted.$
Adelaide Dunbar—SD—Violet red.
B-E at \$2.00 Alphonse Lavalle—D—Lavender violet.
Alphonse Lavalle—D—Lavender violet.
B-C-E-G at \$4.00
D-0-E-0 20 D' 1 '11 -1:4
Belle d Naney—D—Pink with white re-
flex. C.
Charles Joly—D—Purple B.
Charles X.—S.—Hellebore Red. A-B-C-E.
Claude Bernard—D—Pale Mauve Early.
Claude Bernara—D—Pale Mauve Early.
E at \$2.00
Congo—S—Purple A-B-C-E.
Descartes—S—Mauve Pink.
E at \$2.00 Diderot—S—Claret Purple.
Diderot—S—Claret Purple.
C at\$1.50
C at\$1.50 Emile Lemoine—D—Pink. E-F.
Ellen Willmott—D—White.
C at\$1.50
F at
General Pershing—D—Purple Violet. B.
Hugo Koster—S—Mauve. B.
Jacques Calot—S—Pink Lilac. B-C.
LaMartine—S—Rosy Mauve. C.
Louvois—S—Deep Violet. C.
Leon Gambetta—D—White marked violet.
C of Post White marked violet.
C at \$2.50 Lueie Baltet—S—"Flesh."
C = 0
C at \$1.50 E at 2.00
F at
Madame Felix—D—white. B.
Madame Lemoine—D—White. B-C-E.
Madame Florentz Stepman—S—White.
B-C-E.
Madame Casimir Perier—D—White. B.
Marie LeGraye—S—White. C.
Marie LeGraye—S—White. C. Michael Buehner—D—Pale Violet.
D 1 L 1 0+
D-U-E-G at
Mirabeau—S—Early Mauve rose.
B-C-E-G at \$4.00 Mirabeau—S—Early Mauve rose. C at \$1,50
C at\$1,50 President Fallieres—D—Pink.
C at
C at\$1,50 President Fallieres—D—Pink.

President Grevy—SD—Pale Blue. B-C-E. G at\$5.00
President Poineaire—D—Pink Lilac. B at
Rene Larry DesLoges—SD—Mauve to
Violet. B-C-E.
Souvenir Ludwig Spaeth—S—Purple. C. W. C. Barry—S—Pearly Lavender. B-C.
Tamarix hispida—Kashgar Tamarisk has
bright silvery foliage, deep pink flowers in both spring and fall.
2 to 3 feet\$.50
3 to 4 feet

Viburnum americanum—High Bush Cranberry takes some time to age enough for good berries but is worth waiting for. Brilliant berries in large clusters.
18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet .60 3 to 4 feet .75
V. carlesi—Is a dwarf grower of grayish foliage and rosy tinged white flowers with delightful fragrance. 12 to 18 inches \$1.50 2 to 3 feet \$2.25
V. dentatum—Arrow wood gives delightful wine colored foliage in fall together with white flowers and blue berries. 18 to 24 inches \$.35 2 to 3 feet
V. lantana—The Wayfaring Tree is a tall grower with large wrinkled leaves downy beneath. Red berries that turn black. 3 to 4 feet \$.75 4 to 6 feet \$ 1.00
V. lentago—Nannyberry. A white flowered black berried form giving a small tree in time. Rich color in fall. 2 to 3 feet
3 to 4 feet
V. opulus nana—Dwarf Bush cranberry. Seldom grows over two feet. Attractive in dwarf border or in rock garden. 8 to 12 inches \$.75

V. prunifolium-Black Haw. Red stemmed, blue berried large shrub or small

tree with wine colored foliage in fall. 18 to 24 inches \$.50 2 to 3 feet	V. tomentosum plicatum—Japanese snowball. This in bloom looks like the common snowball but is never affected by plant lice. It is a very slow grower and has to be waited for. 18 to 24 inches \$.60 Weigelia floribunda—Crimson Weigelia. A deep red which grows much better than Eva Rathke in our climate. Blooms all summer. 3 to 4 feet \$.60 W. rosea—Pink Weigelia. Showy pink bell shaped flowers in May and June. 3 to 4 feet \$.60 W. venusta—Apparently a sub-species of W. rosea. It is reported to have stood 39 degrees below zero in northern Illinois. Bloom is larger than W. rosea and there is more of it. Very scarce. 12 to 18 inches \$.60 Zanthorhiza apiifolia — Yellow root. A little known, very attractive small shrub seldom getting 18 inches tall. Flowers are brownish purple in feathery racemes in early spring. Foliage very fernlike. This makes a fine ground cover under other shrubs. Plants \$.60 Heavy clumps \$.60 Rosea—Pink Weigelia. Showy pink bell shaped flowers are brownish purple in feathery racemes in early spring. Foliage very fernlike. This makes a fine ground cover under other shrubs.
Viı	1es
Akebia quinata—Five Leaved Akebia. A rare climber, perfectly hardy, bearing numerous branches of violet brown flowers with a cinnamon odor. 5 year plants \$1.50 Ampelopsis emgelmanni — Englemann's ivy is very similar to Virginia Creeper but hangs without a support. 4 year plants \$75 A. quinquefolia—The well known Virginia Creeper. \$50 3 year \$50 3 year \$50 4. Veitchii—Boston Ivy with its fine summer leaves and winter tracery. Will stick to any wall. \$65 3 year \$75 Clematis Hybrids—Large Flowering Clematis are very popular but a little hard to establish. They demand a rich soil into which a moderate amount of manure has been worked. They are very susceptible to drought injury and should be in partial shade. When well grown they are a thing of beauty and a joy forever. We can furnish the following old and rare varieties out of 4-inch pots at, per each \$1.00 Jackmanni—Deep blue purple Mme. Edouard Andre—Dark crimson. Henyi—Single white.	Duchess of Edinburgh—Double white. Ramona—Light blue. Gypsy Queen—Very large lavender blue. Baron Veillard—Pink. Ville de Lyon—Red. C. paniculata—A rapid growing late blooming climber with starry fragrant flowers. 4 year old plants

Tecoma radicans—Trumpet vine gives large orange scarlet trumpet-like bloom during the summer. The foliage is large and dark green.

2 year plant.....\$.60 4 year 1.00 Wistaria sinensis—Wistaria with its pale green foliage and lavender blossoms is always a favorite \$.75 to \$1.50 Polygonum auberti-Silver Lave Vine is a vigorous climber with masses of fleecy blossoms in late summer \$1.00

Roses

The following list of roses is not so extensive as some but it covers a large color grouping and in it one can find both old and new varieties. Some of the older sorts have been dropped that seem to have been displaced by better ones of the same general characteristics. Unless otherwise indicated the price is \$.60 each or \$6.00 per dozen. All are two year Number one plants.

First we have a small group of the newer patented roses which are nationally advertised and sold from one end of the country to the other at uniform prices.

Blaze—Plant patent No. 10. The only hardy everblooming scarlet climber, combining the good qualities of Pauls Scarlet Climber and Gruss an Teplitz. Each \$2.00

Golden Climber—Plant patent No. 28. Very hardy, blooms of hybrid tea type and quality flowers on stiff 18-inch stems, blooms often 4 or 5 inches across

making unequaled cut flowers \$2.00 Countess Vandal—Plant Patent No. 38. The sensation of the shows. The most popular variety at the Century of Progress. A lovely coppery pink and gold

with long buds \$1.50

Mary Hart—Plant Patent No. 8. The blood red Talisman sport. Becoming

rich golden Talisman \$1.00 Angele Pernet—Brilliantly colored brownish orange.

Autumn-New-Burnt orange with buff and gold\$.75 Betty Uprichard-Salmon pink and carmine bicolor.

Caledonia—White Cecil - A single golden yellow of great

merit \$.75 Chas. P. Kilham—Blazing orange scarlet opening to orange pink.

Dainty Bess—Soft rose pink.
Dame Edith Helen—Bright pink like F. S. Key in form.

Duchess of Athol—Orange flushed rose.

....\$.75

E. G. Hill—Dark crimson.

Etoile de Hollande—Brilliant red.

Feu Joseph Looymans-Glowing apricot and old gold.

Francis Scott Key-Crimson.

Golden Emblem-Rich yellow with carmine splash on bud.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria—White.

Lady Alice Stanley—Light silvery pink. Lady Ashtown—Glossy pink of fine form. Lord Charlemont-Clear deep crimson.

Los Angeles—Satiny pink shaded deep rose and gold.

Lulu—Deep orange red bud. Single salmon bloom lasting.

Mev. G. E. Van Rossem—Brownish yellow flowers, strongly shaded copper pink. Each\$.75

Mme. Butterfly-Bright light pink shaded gold.

Mme. Edward Herriott—Coral pink.

Mons Jules Potein—Golden yellow. Mrs. Henry Morse—Bright pink with silvery shadings.



MME GREGOIRE STAECHELIN A striking hardy climber—one that is worth trying

PETRIE LANDSC.	APE NURSERIES 23
Mrs. E. P. Thom—Long buds of rich lemon yellow.	POLYANTHA ROSES
Olympiad—Scarlet with orange undertone \$,75	Baby Doll—Pink and yellow. Chatillon—Much like American Pillar.
President Hoover—Scarlet and yellow.	Ellen Poulsen—Pink. Else Poulsen—Bright pink.
Queen Alexandra—Bicolor scarlet and orange.	Golden Salmon—Reddish orange. Gruss an Aachen—Salmon pink. Kirsten Poulsen—Single red.
Rev. F. Page-Roberts—Golden yellow stained copper and red.	Lady Reading—Bright red.
Rose Marie—Clear rose pink. Roslyn—Golden yellow with splash of or-	CLIMBERS Bess Lovett—American Beauty red with
ange on back\$.75 Souv. de Georges Pernet—Shrimp pink, tinted chrome yellow.	none of that variety's faults\$,75 Pauls Scarlet Climber—Best known scar- let.
Talisman—Golden yellow and orange rose. Ville de Paris—Clear yellow	Silver Moon—Large white with golden anthers. Scoreher—Vermilion in great profusion.
with orange and yellow. Wm. F. Dreer—Pale yellow shaded coppery pink.	Each \$.75 Staeehelin—The Spanish Beauty. Pale pink with crimson stain \$.75
The Hardy	
Unless listed perennials ar	re \$.25 each; \$2.25 dozen. A. myosotidiflora—Forget-me-not flower-
Acaena glauca—New Zealand Bur. A trailing evergreen plant valuable for its finely cut foliage. Must be in the shade.	ed anchusa. A dwarf Russian rock species with lovely small bloom. Half shade. Each
Large plants \$.50 Smaller\$.35	Ancmone coronaria—Creagh Castle Strain. A tender bulbous anemone in
A. ageratum—Yellow milfoil. A small golden yellow yarrow attaining height about 12 inches. Blooms all summer.	many colors. Must have winter protection. Good cut flower. Per dozen\$1.00
A. millefolium roscum—Rosy milfoil. A reddish colored form of the common yarrow. 24 inches.	A. pulsatilla—Pasque Flower. A hardy twelve-inch early violet or purple flowered wind flower.
Aconitum Wilsoni—Wilson's Aconite. A	Each \$\ \alpha\ \sylvcstris_\S\ n\ o\ w\ d\ r\ o\ p\ windflower.
tall very late blooming monkshood of pale violet blue color. Each	Large nodding sweet scented flowers of lavender-tinted white, blooming in late spring. Half shade.
tuft. Lovely little rock plant with blue green foliage and pink daphne-like	Heavy plants for fall\$.30 Anthemis tinctoria Kelwayi—Golden Mar-
bloom in May and June. Heavy plants\$.35 Light plants\$.15	guerite. A beautiful foliaged yellow daisy-like flower that blooms throughout the summer.
Allium pulchellum—A rose colored rock garden onion about nine inches tall,	Each
blossoming in July. Each \$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Aquelegia—Columbines. Dobbies Hybrids. One of the best strains including all
ble mixture in many colors. Alyssum saxatile compactum—Basket of	colors. Large clumps\$.40
gold. The well known favorite. A. serpyllifolium—A light yellow dwarf form with hoary leaves. Excellent in	Color cannot be specified. A. jucunda—A very dwarf rock garden species from Siberia. Large spurless
rock garden. Available in fall 1934. Each \$\frac{1}{2}\$.30	blue and white flowers. Very rare \$.50 A. pyrenaica — A rare species from the
A. spinulosum roscum—Pink Madwort. A rare silvery gray small leafed rosy	Pyrenees mountains. Blue\$.30 Arubis alpina—Forms dense carpet cov-
bloomed alyssum \$.35 Anchusa italica Lissadell—Tall growing	ered with white in spring\$.20 Arenaria montana—Larger Sandwort. A
lovely blue blooming in May and June. Seedlings, per dozen \$.75 2 year plants\$.25	pretty dwarf edging or rock plant covered with white flowers in mid-summer.

- A. verna—Splendid rock plant for matting in crevices and cracks in the rock. Makes dense tufted mass.
- Armeria lauchleana—Sea thrift. Dwarf tufty evergreen with rosy bloom of wiry stems.
- Artemesia lactiflora—A hawthorne scented tall grower blooming in fall.
- A. Silver King—With silvery white foliage.

ASTERS

- Aster alpina—Dwarf hardy asters about eight inches high blooming in late spring in blue and white forms.
- A. alpina—Goliath. A larger form in blue purple\$.30
- A. amellus-Beauty of Ronsdorf. A summer bloomer of good size and deep lavender color\$.35
- A. amellus elegans—A compact grower with bluish lavender flowers in July and August.
- A. farrerri—Big Bear. A new and very scarce dwarf hardy aster with violet flowers 3 inches across in June.....\$.50
- A. sub coeruleus—Star of Eisenach. Another rare variety. Bright lavender blue with yellow centers. Four inches across and thirty inches tall \$.35

NAMED VARIETIES

Barr's Pink-Large flowered pink. Blue Gem—Dark blue, semi-double. Brightest and Best—Blue. Climax—Tall lavender blue. Elta—Pale lilac, semi-double. Feltham Blue—Popular dark blue. Gray Lady—Exquisite opal shade, semi-Gold Flake—Dwarf yellow more like a golden rod. Rare \$.30 Joan Vaughn—Deepest blue, semi-double. Lady Lloyd—Fine clear rose pink.
Nancy Ballard—A deep purplish mauve. Queen Mary—Pleasing blue tinted laven-

Roseum superbum—Almost a red. Royal Blue—The name describes it.

White Climax—Pure white.

Astilbe—Some of the newer named varieties with lovely pink or white plumes \$.60

Aubretia—Large Flowering hybrids. Good

dwarf creeper giving sheets of rose, crimson, and violet color. Good with Arabis or Alyssum.

Baptisia australis—False Indigo. Dark blue lupine-like flowers in June. Good

pea-like foliage all summer.

Calamintha alpina—A rich purple member of the mint family. Six inches tall.

CAMPANULA

The Bell Flowers

- C. alliariaefolia A grand border plant with tall spikes of long pendent white bells from June on. Available in fall. Three feet\$.50
- C. Bononiensis—Small blue flowers borne profusely on slender stems in June. Two and one half feet. Available in fall\$.35
- C. Cullinmore—A lovely hybrid of carpatica, but more profuse in blooming. Many shades of blue all summer long\$.35
- C. glomerata-superba—An old European favorite about 18 inches tall with closely knit blossom heads of deep blue purple \$.25
- Campanula glomerata acaulis—Is similar to the above but only attains about six inches height. Good rock garden addition.
- C. lactiflora coerulea—Pale blue flowers in July and August on two to three foot stems. Half shade. Available in fall
- C. medium ealyeanthema pink—The cup and saucer type of Canterbury Bell Each \$20 C. perseifolia—Telham Beauty. The larg-
- est of the peach leafed bellflowers with large China blue bells on two foot stalks. June\$.35
- flowers on spikes three feet or more in height ______\$.30 C. rotundifolia — The Scotch blue bell.
- Small blue bells nearly all summer.
- C. turbinata A large flowering subspecies of carpatica with blue or white blooms nearly two inches across.
- Cerastium tomentosum—A trailer with white flowers and grey foliage.
- Chrysanthemum maximum Alaska—Shasta Daisy\$.20
- C. ehrysanthemum koreanum-Koreanum. A perennial daisy from Korea blooming out white and fading pink. Hardy and very late\$.20

CHRYSANTHEMUMS NAMED SORTS

These Chrysanthemums are the results of years of selection for Idaho conditions and can be recommended highly. There is a large range of color and all bloom before severe freezing weather.

A. Barnham—Orange bronze.

Alice Howell—Orange yellow single. Boston—Bronzy red.

Champaign—Ruby red.

Cranford White—White. Eden—Bright rose. Ganna—Bright Pink Aster-Flowered. G'ada—Dwarf. Large early white. Glory of Seven Oaks-Golden yellow \$.25 Isotta—Chestnut brown. Mrs. Philip Page—Red Bronze\$.50 Muldoon—Purplish amaranth. Murillo—Old Rose. New Bronze—Yellowish bronze. Normandy Pink—Creamy Pink. Normandy Yellow—Golden. Oetober Dawn—Daybreak pink\$.35 October Girl-Deep Pink. Ruth Cummings—Reddish Bronze.
Yellow Howell—A yellow form of Alice Howell. All of the above except those marked (small plants \$.15), (strong plants \$.25), will send twelve all different of our selection for \$1.25. Delivery charge extra.

CLEMATIS

The Shrubby Clematis

C. integrifolia eoerulea—Striking border plant about two feet high but hardly strong enough to support itself. Top shaped blue blossoms June to August. C. reeta and reeta grandiflora—A fine white form that holds itself upright. Plants of all above, each\$.25 Corydalis glanea roseum—A small gray green foliaged biennial with rosy colored bloom not unlike Dicentra eximia. Each \$.20 C. lntea—An eight inch form with bright yellow and white flower throughout most of the summer. Coreopsis laneeolata—Tickseed. Daisy-like yellow flower with long blooming habit\$.20 Convallaria majalis—Lily of the Valley. Crueianella stylosa—Crosswort. An early flowering hardy rock plant with bright ed largely from seedlings of English named varieties and leading American strains. Among them are some very wonderful types. These start at \$.35 and run to \$1.00 each.

DIANTHUS

The Pinks and Sweet Williams

Dianthus alpinus—Alpine Pink. Dwarf trailer, glossy leaves. Brilliant rose flowers.

- D. alpinus Alwoodii—Hybrid Pinks of erect growth with lovely bloom in reds. pinks and whites.
- D. arenarius—Sand Pink. Likes sandy soil in full sun. Deeply fringed, white with a carmine ring. Five inch stems.
- D. barbatus—The well know Sweet Williams.

Diadematus—Crimson with a white eye. Newport Pink—Salmon Rose.

Searlet Beauty—Scarlet.

All Sweet Williams \$.20 D. eaesius—Cheddar Pink makes compact clumps of glaucous leaves with very fragrant bloom.

D. Crimson King—One of the best hardy carnations. Deep red bloom all sum-

D. granitieus—Crimson flowers in May and June. Four inches.

D. Knappi—The only yellow flowered pink. Each\$.35 D. latifolius atroeoeeinea—A brilliant red constant blooming pink of much merit.

D. latifolius Fuerst Bismark—A deep pink about color of Paul Neyron Rose and blooms all summer\$.35

D. Ophelia—A deep rose variety in the Clove pink group.

D. neglectus—Glacier Pink. A fiery red slow growing rock pink\$.50

D. plumarius—Clove Pink. The common

fragrant clove pink.

Dieentra eximia—The Plumy Bleeding Heart. A dwarf pink for either sun or

D. speeabilis — Bleeding Heart. The old rose colored favorite.

Divisions \$.35

Digitalis gloxiniaeflora—The old fashion-

ed foxglove.

Doronieum excelsum—Orange yellow daisy-like flower from two to four feet tall in May.

Erinus alpina—Six inches tall, reddish to purple bloom compact rock subject.

Eupatorium eoelestinium—Hardy ageratum. An ageratum-like fall bloomer, sky

Euphorbia myrsinites—A pretty prostrate species with bluish foliage and crowned

heads of yellow flowers.

Gaillardia Portola hybrids—Portolas are rich in color and more erect growing than the old strains\$.20

Geum Borisii—Neat tufts of evergreen foliage. Brilliant scarlet from June on. Each \$\, .50 \\ Globularia \text{trichosantha}\$—Globe Daisy.

Blue globular daisy-like rock plant.

Gypsopila panieulata — Baby breath.

Large plants\$.35

ings.

bronze.

26 PET	KIE	LANDSC	APE .
G. repens—Trailing baby's garden	ep goligh in Bank Bank Bank Bank Bank Bank Bank Ban	den yellow fall. ronze red Rock roses en trailers lowers in ummer.	Mand Ophir The ing Div Lar Heuch flow H. sa larg H. sa
Helianthus rigidus—Danie golden yellow semi-doul			Hibisa Lar
HEMEROCA			pinl Lar
The Day Lile Aureole—Cadmium yellov			<i>lberis</i> lav€
Aurantica major.—Rich of Citrina—Lemon.			Inula low
Dr. Regel—Orange with r		ı streak.	I. hir flow
Dumortieri—Tawny yellov Flava—Sweet scented cle	ear y	ellow.	I. roy
Florham—Gold with India	an yel	low mark-	Targ

Fulva—Coppery orange shaded crimson.

Gold Dust—Orange yellow; reverse golden

Sovereign-Empire yellow, brownish

Citronella—Sulphur yellow, large, tall. Golconda—Deep chrome, 6 inch flowers. Lemon Queen—Four inch lemon colored

Kwamso-Double form of fulva.

Middendorfi-Rich lemon yellow.

Thunbergi—Like flava, but later.

bell shaped flowers.

hera sanguinea—Coral bells. Free wering bright crimson from June on. inguinea $Edge\ Hall\ -$ A pink with ge bell. nguinea Saturnale—Wine Red. The kest Heuchera\$.35 cus moscheutos—Mallow Marvels. ge hollyhock-like bloom in white, k or rose.....\$.25 ender to white. ensifolia-A dwarf aster-like yelflower for rock garden. ta-Of medium size with brilliant wers in mid-summer. yleana—About two feet with very ge flowers. WATER LOVING IRIS Siberian orientalis—Brilliant blue. Snow Queen—White. Dorothy Foster—Violet and Blue.

Dorothy K. Williamson-Vivid Blue pur-

darin—Lemon yellow recurved bloom.

e last five are all late bloomers com-

risions of all varieties \$.25 rge clumps 1.00

—Dark golden yellow.

in August.

Mrs. Tate—Porcelain Blue. Notha—Violet and Blue. Pseudoacorus—Yellow water flag.

Monnieri-Golden yellow.

Juno—Pale blue.

ple.

THE BEARDED IRIS

There are no more colorful plants for the garden that the so-called German Iris. The color combinations are simply infinite and with the modern types bloom can be secured over a long period. As you look over the present list of our offerings you will note that we have dropped a large number of the older sorts and though there are not so many varieties listed now as a few years ago the average quality is very much higher. In the past few years our pocket book has been too pinched to allow of many iris purchases, but during the past summer the family had the good fortune to be all through the Middle West during the height of the iris season. We were at most of the great iris producers and breeders and saw three of the country's great iris shows. We have seen most of the good new ones and a lot of still unintroduced things of great merit. If you want some of the newer iris ask us. We can either get them for you or tell you where you can get them.

Unless otherwise indicated the price of iris is \$.25 each.

Three of any variety will be sold for the price of two.

All \$.25	iris	are	32.00	per	dozen
All	.30	iris	are	2.50	per	dozen
All	.35	iris	are	3.00	per	dozen

Name and Description
Afterglow—Greyish lavender.
Alcazar—S. Violet, F. Red purple.
Ambassadeur—S. Bronze, F. Maroon.
Aphrodite—Violet pink self 48 inches.
Asia—S. Pale lavender, tinted yellow.

F. Light purple.....\$.30

Athene—Warm white, fine form.

Ballerine—S. Pearl blue, F. Violet.

Bruno—S. fawn, F. red purple\$.50

Carcanet—Valuable light yellow.

Cardinal—S. lavender and rose, F. red purple\$.75

C. P. Stringer—Frilled, pink tinge on white\$.35

Cecile Minturn—Soft rose.

Coppersmith—S. Cinnamon and purple. F. Indian lake and carmine\$.50

Dalila—S. creamy, F. plum red.

Dominion—S. light blue purple, F. rich indigo purple\$.50

Dream—Lilac pink.	Virginia Moore—Chrome yellow.
Du Guesclin—S. Coppery, F. Violet.	Yellow Moon—Soft yellow\$.3
Gaulois—S. Golden yellow and Bronzy	In addition to the above we have
rose, F. Bordeaux red\$.30	large quantity of good iris, iris that te
Gay Huzzar—S. Chrome yellow, F. Vel-	years ago or thereabout cost dollar
vety oxblood red \$.50	each. We are selling these out in mix
George T. Tribolet—Dark red purple \$.35	tures. No labels or variety identifica
Georgia—Rose, orange beard.	tion but plenty of good varieties i
Gold Imperial—Rich yellow, 3 feet \$.35	every lot.
Golden Glory—S. Yellow to lemon chrome, F. Baryta yellow \$.35	TWENTY FIVE FOR \$1.5
Halo—S. Violet, F. Bluish violet.	ONE HUNDRED FOR 5.0 FIVE HUNDRED OR MORE
Imperator—Raisin purple \$.30	AT
Iris King—S. Old gold, F. Brown.	Here is your chance for mass planting
Isolene—Lilac and purple.	Express charges paid by purchaser.
Jeanne d'Arc—White edged lavender.	Jasione pyrenaica—Dainty lavender blu
Karen—Red purple.	six inches tall in June. Somewhat lik
Kashmir White—Tall waxy white \$.30	a scabiosa.
King Tut—S. Cocoa brown, F. Hessian	Lavandula vera — Lavender. The muc
brown \$1.00 Kochii—Deep black purple, short stem-	loved lavender of olden days. Eightee
med.	inches. Lilac blue bloom from July t September. Heavy 3 year plants balle
Lady Foster—Blue and violet.	and burlapped\$.7
Lent A. Williamson-Violet and purple.	Lighter plants .5
Leverrier—Tall reddish lilac \$.30	Leontopodium alpinum—Edelweiss. Easil
Lohengrin—Light mauve and violet.	grown so called alpine valued for it
Lord of June—Blue and violet.	flannel like bracts. Very strikin
Magnifica—Reddish toned bicolor.	grouped with Aster alpina.
Mildred Presby—S. Milk white, F. Pansy violet edged white \$\\$.30	Liatris ligulistylus — A western Gayfea
Mlle. Schwartz—Tall pale mauve.	ther with rosy-purple blossom and whit fluffy seed heads something like a cer
Mme. Cheri—Violet pink blend.	taurea.
Mme. Durrand—S. Buff, F. Old gold.	Lilium candidum—Madonna lily. Anothe
Morning Splendor—Red purple\$.35	old favorite June bloomer. Group ther
Mother of Pearl—Pearl tinted lavender.	with delphinium for real effect.
Nancy Orne—Bronze lilac blend.	L. tigrinum—Tiger lily. One of the hard
Nebraska—S. apricot yellow, F. Yellow	est; will grow under practical neglect.
with brown cloud \$.75 Ochracea-Coerulea—Old gold with centre	Linaria alpina—A small trailer attainin
of the falls violet.	two or three inches with violet and or ange bloom. Wants poor soil.
Parc d'Neuilly—Deep violet, late.	L. Canon Want—A very pretty pale pin
Phyllis Bliss—Rosy lavender.	growing 30 inches. Blooms nearly a
Pocahontas—White edged blue.	summer.
Princess Beatrice—Light lavender vio-	L. speciosa Maccdonica — Large yello
let \$.30	snapdragon like flowers most of th
Princess Victoria Louise—Yellow and	summer on three foot plants.
crimson. Prospero—Very large, lavender and pur-	Linum flavum—Yellow Flax. Gay flower
ple.	foliage pretty. Neat grower. 18 inches \$.3
Queen Caterina—Pale lavender violet.	L. perenne—Blue flax. Well known blu
Rhein Nixe—S. White, F. Pansy violet.	bloomer.
Rialgar—Chrome yellow and hellebore	Two feet\$.2
red\$.30	With large clumps
Rodney—Blue lavender.	Lupinus polyphyllus—Lupines can be ob
Roseway—Rose pink. Scminole—Rich red purple.	tained in a large range of colors an
Shekinah—Pale lemon yellow.	make striking garden ornaments. From 25c to \$1.00 depending on size an
Souv. de Mme. Gaudichau—Rich pur-	quality.
ple \$.30	Lychnis alpina — A compact rock plan
Steepway—S. Fawn, F. rosy mauve.	about 3 inches tall with pink or whit
Sweet Lavender—Ruffled, pinkish lav-	blossom heads.
ender.	L. Arkwrighti—Showy hybrids in red an
Trojana—S. Violet blue, F. purple.	pink attaining about a foot. Prefer par
Tropic Seas—Blue purple. \$.50	tial shade.
Ute Chief—Violet and bronzy purple. Vesper Gold—S. Yellow with violet flush,	L. chalcedonica—Salmon Queen. A sa mon shade selection from the old Ma
F. Gold with maroon veins \$.50	tese cross. Fades badly in full sun.
7	V

Lythrum roseum superbum—Purple loosestrife. Strong grower; hardy, rosy-purple flowers. Moist soil.

Malva mosehata—Musk mallow. A rosycolored mallow usually about 18 inches.

Meeonopsis eambriea — Welsh poppy. A golden poppy-like meconopsis somewhat like the Iceland poppy......\$.35

Myosotis alpestris rosea—Pink forget-menot. Plant them in bulb beds with tulips

and daffodils.

15c each \$1.50 per doz. \$10 per 100 M. alpestris—Blue Basket. The darkest blue. Not available till fall. Same price as rosea.

Nepeta mussini—Catmint. Excellent edging or border plant. Grey foliage, lavender bloom all summer. Very aromatic. Paenysandra terminalis—Japanese spurge.

Paenysandra terminalis—Japanese spurge.
A small trailing evergreen that grows in dense shade.

THE PEONY

Peonies are among the most ancient of garden flowers. Their age, however, has not dimmed their popularity. Today, with the numerous improved varieties, their growth in popular favor is continuing. Owing to the fact that peonies require but little care and produce such wonderful bloom, they are in great demand for landscape use as well as for cut flowers.

We sell peonies for fall planting only. The sooner they are planted after mid-September the better; planting usually goes on till the ground freezes up. Spring planting usually sets the plants back several years as they start growth so early.

In the past few years peonies have shrunk in price perhaps more than any other flower. You can find plenty of good ones within the reach of any pocketbook.

Adolphe Rosseau, deep garnet	\$1.00
Albatre, white with red fleck	.50
Albert Crousse, salmon pink	1.00
Alsasee Lorraine, white	
Arehie Brand, shell pink	.75
Atrosanguinea, deep red	.50
Rivosunguinea, deep led	
Buroness Schroeder, flesh white	1.00
Ben Franklin, red	1.00
Boule de Neige, white, crimson fleck	.50
Charles MeKellip, rich red	1.00
Charles Verdier, ashes of roses	.75
Couronne d' Or, milk white	1.00
Daubreak lively pink	.75
Daybreak, lively pink Deemster, deep chocolate maroon	.60
Duc d Wellington, white	.60
Edulia Company dank nink	.50
Edulis Superba, dark pink	.50
Elizabeth Barrett Browning, pure	9.00
white	3.00
Elwood Pleas, light rose pink	1.00
Eugenie Verdier, nydrangea pink	1.00
Felix Crousse, American beauty red.	.60
Festiva Maxima, white with red fleck	.50
Frances Shaylor, white	1.50
Francis Willard, blush white	1.50
General Bertrand, aolferino red	.60
Gloire de Chas. Gombault, rose, white	
salmon	.75
Grandiflora, late silvery pink	1.00
Helen Wolaver, sea shell pink	1.00
James Kelway. rose white	1.00
Jubilee, flesh white	1.00
Karl Rosenfield, dark crimson	1.00 1.00
Lady Alexandra Duff, pale pink	1.00
La France, violet pink	2.00
Le Cygne, milk white, early	3.00
Livingstone, lilac red	1.00
Longfellow, cherry red	1.50
Longfellow, cherry red	.75
Marie Crousse, shell pink	1.00
Marie Jacquin, white, water lily	1.00
Marie Lemoine, pure white, late	.75
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Martha Bulloch, rose pink	2.00
Mary Brand, deep red	
Midnight, deep maroon	
Milton Hill, late lilac rose	2.00
Mme. Calot, hydrangea pink	$\bar{.}75$
Mme. de Galhau, late fleshy rose	.60
Mme. d Verneville, blush white	.50
Mme. Jules Dessert, creamy white	
Mons. Jules Elie, deep pink	
	1.00
Mons. Martin Cahuzae, dark purple	
garnet	1.50
Mr. L. van Leeuween, dark pink	5.00
Officinalis rosea, very early, rose fad-	
ing white	.75
Officinalis rubra, red	
D', l'andres ruora, leu	75
Primevere, buff and silver	1.50
Riehard Carvel, fragrant, brilliant	
crimson	1.50
Rubra superba, late rose carmine	.75
Sarah Bernhardt, apple blossom pink	1.00
Solange, cream coffee color	2.00
Therese, soft pink	2.00
merese, soit pink	
Tourangelle, flesh pink	1.50
Walter Faxon, salmon rose	2.00

Singles and Japanese

Singres and Japanese	
Albatross (Jap.) pink \$\$.75
Albiflora (Sin.) white 1.	
Austin Chamberlain (Sin.) amaranth	
red	.75
	.00.
1	.50
	.00
	.75
Gupsy (Jap.) tyrian rose	.75
Mikado (Jap.) dark crimson 1.	.50
Mina-Mota (Jap.) purple red1.	.50
Snow wheel (Jap.) white 1.	.50
Some-Ganoka (Jap.) dark red 3.	00
Tokio (Jap.) rose pink 3.	00

PAPAVER—The Poppies	Milly van Hoboken, large flowers
Papauer nudicaule Thibet — Thibet Poppy	of soft pink
A deeply-colored strain of the golden	Mrs. Ethel Pritchard, lavender
Iceland poppy. P. orientale—Oriental Poppy. The showy	blue, large
orange-scarlet oriental poppy.	fades in sun.
P. oriental seedlings—Some of our own.	Mia Ruys, dwarf white
Not good enough to name or too much like many other named sorts\$.35	Mrs. Scholten, dark salmon pink.
P. orientale—	Traviata, NEW, carmine red, blood red eye. Heat resistant
E. A. Bowles, shell pink and apricot\$.50 Enfield Beauty, salmon with ma-	Widar, reddish lavender with white
roon base, late	eye
Feltham, without the black blotch .50 King George, bright scarlet	loon flower with deep violet blue flowers
Mrs. Perry, robust pink	on twelve-inch stems. Polemonium coeruleum — Jacob's ladder.
Olympia, semi-double scarlet	Finely foliaged plant with showy spikes
Princess Victoria Louise, lilac rose .50	of blue in June and July. Partial shade.
Wurtemburgia, beautiful red, rich and large 1.00	PRIMROSES
Pardanthus chinensis — Blackberry lily.	
Old-fashioned orange flower with black- berry like seeds. For hardy border.	Primula auricula — Mealy leaves in rosettes, six to eight-inch stalks with yel-
Penstemon Barbatus Torreyi — Brilliant	low-eyed clusters of blooms of various
scarlet beard's tongue from July on. Makes wonderful grouping with Miss	colors\$.35 P. auriculaLarge flowered hybrids. A
Lingard Phlox.	highly selected strain. Available in
P. glaber — A clear blue, attaining two feet. Blooms July to October\$.30	fall
P. pubcscens—Violet flowers shading to	rose-colored bloom in early summer on
flesh pink. Good for a hot dry place. P. secundiflorus—A Wyoming native blue	ten-inch stems. Foliage soft-wrinkled. P. japonica—Long spikes of crimson to
penstemon attaining about two feet\$.35	rose bloom. Need moist ground\$.35
PHLOX	P. moerhcimi hybrids — Lovely pastel shades of yellow, pink, rose, orange
	purple, lilac and crimson. The finest
Phlox amoena—Four inches. Good ground carpet. Rosy pink. Early.	primroses we have ever seen. Available in fall\$.35
P. divaricata canadensis — Creeper with	P. pulverulenta—Bartley strain. Beautiful
lavender blue flowers on ten-inch stems in April and May.	shades of rose and pink on three-foot stems. Available in fall
P. subulata — Moss pink. Rose colored.	P. veris — This strain includes various
thrives in hot dry places. P. subulata—Fairy. Pale blue with pur-	shades of red, cream, orange and white forms of common primrose.
ple eye\$.30	P. veris — Blue. A bluish form of the
P. decussata—Named varieties— Albert Leo Schlaegeter, NEW,	above\$.35 Potentilla nepalensis—Mixed. Strawberry-
bright scarlet, carmine, rain and	like foliaged plants with a large range
sun resistant\$.50 B. Compte, brilliant, rich, satiny,	of single and double flowers in many colors.
amaranth.	Pyrethrum roseum — The pink daisy in
Beacon, tall, brilliant, cherry red30 Bridesmaid, white with pink eye.	various shades. P. roscum—James Kelway. Dark blood
Blue Hill, NEW, nearest to blue in	red.
phlox	P. roscum rubrum—A large ruby red. Rudbeckia newmanni (speciosa) — Or-
Count Zeppelin, white, with red eye .30	ange-yellow daisy-like bloom with pur-
Elizabeth Campbell, light salmon pink Enchantress, bright salmon pink.	ple cone. Two feet. Blooms in July and August.
Firebrand, brilliant orange scarlet	R. purpurea—The purple cone flower has
Frau von Lassburg, late white Gustave Lind, NEW, dwarf salmon	purplish-pink ray flowers and very dark cone.
red, 18 to 24 inches	Sagina filifera—Spergula. A tufted little
Jules Sandeau, dwarf watermelon pink. Lord Raleigh, dark mauve	grasslike evergreen for carpeting cracks in rocks or for use in flagged walks.
100	



THE GARDEN BRIDGE OF MRS. O. V. ALLEN, BOISE—a Petrie Job

SALVIA—The Sages

- Salvia argentea The silver-leaved sage has large frosted type leaf. Bloom white with black spots. June bloom.
- S. azurea grandiflora—A tall species with azure blue bloom in September.
- S. pratensis A dark violet blue with large heavy green leaf. Blooms from May on. There are also available red and white forms. Also in heavy clumps at \$35
- S. Turkestanica—Decorative silvery foliage with whorls of white flowers with pinkish bracts \$.30
- S. verbascifolia—A tall, showy spike of dark blue flowers \$.35
- Saponaria ocymoides splendens—A hardy trailer with bright rose-colored bloom in early summer.
- Saxifraga hybrids Purple Robe grows about 8 inches, is evergreen. Bloom carmine with purple reflex\$.35
- Scutellaria coelestina A Siberian rock plant with wiry stems; blue snap dragon-like flowers.
- 2-year plants \$.30 Scnecio alpina—A dwarf yellow flowered

- Silene alpestris Sheets of glistening white flowers in May and June. Sixinch plants. Best in partial shade.
- S. schafta A rose-colored, eight-inch trailer.
- Solidago An unknown tall, goldenrod species with large spikes of bloom.
- Spirca filipendula—A creamy white herbaceous evergreen spirea with Astilbe spikes about 18 inches high. Use in shade.
- Stachys lanata—The flowers of this woundwort are useless but the silvery foliaged plant itself is of value.
- Statice latifolia The lavender colored flowers of sea lavender are good for winter bouquets. Large plants\$.50
- Stokesia cyanca—The lavender-blue flowers of Stokes aster come on 18-inch stems from July to September.
- Thalictrum flavum—A tall, creamy yellow meadow rue blooming in August.
- Thermopsis caroliniana A deep yellow lupine-like perennial growing about four feet.
- Thymus scrpyllum rubrum—A red blossomed form of thyme. Good for rock gardens, poor soil.
- T. scrpyllum languinosus—A wooly-leafed form of lovely texture.
- Tollius europeas—Named. Varieties mixed. A selection of good named sorts whose labels got lost. Several shades of yellow \$.35

T. lcdcbouri — Orange Queen. The best trollius of the lot. Tall good color, vigorous. Heavy plants.....\$.50

Tunica saxifraga—A compact grassy-like plant covered in summer with pink gypsophila like bloom.

Valeriana coccinea—Showy heads of rosycolored bloom throughout summer.

Verbaseum Harkness Hybrids—A very tall growing mullein with lovely yellow or white blooms. Groups well with delphinium for second crop.

V. phoeniceum hybrids—Only grow about two feet with many shades of pink to purple flowers.

Small plants, only.....\$.20

THE VERONICAS

Veronica amethystina — A gentian blue upright grower. About 15 inches in June.

V. incana—A dwarf silvery-leafed dark blue in June or July.

V. longifolia—About two feet. Deep blue throughout the summer.

V. longifolia subsessilis — A very fine strain with dark intense blue spikes in mid-summer \$.35

V. repens-Is only one or two inches high with light blue flowers.

V. spicata—Is 18 inches tall with long blue spikes in July and August.

V. teucrium—A dense growing, spreading dwarf with blue blossom in May.

VIOLAS

The Tufted Pansies

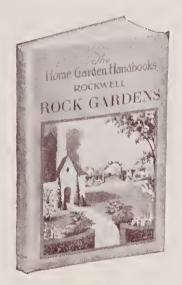
Viola Apricot—Rich apricot shades tinged orange towards center.

Arkwright Ruby—Ruby crimson shaded terra cotta\$.30

Rosy Queen—A rosy lilac.

Yucca filamentosa—The well known Spanish bayonet\$.25; \$.35; \$.50







Home Fruit

It is not generally known that we carry a general line of fruit stocks. We do not grow them, but are able to get them from reputable growers. The following list shows what we endeavor to keep in stock in good sizes only. We can get any kind you desire if time enough is given to obtain it.

All fruit stocks are \$.60 each for 4 to 6 feet plants, except cherry and apricot which are \$.75 each. Special orders will carry a price suited to the variety.

APPLES-Jonathan, Rome Beauty, Red Delicious, Winesap, Grimes, Yellow Transparent.

PEARS—Bartlett, Anjou, dwarf Bartlett.
PEACHES—Champion, Elberta, Early Crawford, J. H. Hale.
APRICOT—Chinese, Tilton, Moorpark.
PLUMS—Bradshaw, Satsuma.

PRUNES—Italian. CHERRY—Montmorency, Late Duke, Bing, Royal Anne, Lambert, Black Tartarian.

CURRANTS—Perfection.

GOOSEBERRY-Oregon Champion.

GRAPES—Brighton, red; Concord, black; Worden, black; Campbell Early, black; Agawam, red; Niagara, white.

Per doz\$2.50 All of above small fruits—Each \$.25 Per 100 \$15.00

ORDER SHEET

Petrie Landscape Nurseries, Boise, Idaho

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County		
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Quantity Wanted	Articles Wanted	Price

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